

**Wisconsin Administrative Code ATCP 160-County & District Fairs
Subchapter 1 General Requirements and Definitions**

ATCP 160.01 Definitions

1. Breed Class and breeding class mean a specific breed within a class such as Holstein in the dairy class.
2. Class means a grouping in which exhibits may be entered, including an animal breed or age group for animal exhibits; a type of produce, crop or food; or a specific age, age group or educational grade level of exhibitor.
- 2m. Conference judging means a judging system using a discussion about each exhibit within the entire group.
3. Danish judging system means a judging system that allows for multiple first, second, third and fourth class selections as provided in s.ATCP 160.91 (4)(b).
4. Department as it related to the organizational structure of a fair, means an animal species, production group, or other principal classification of exhibits. As used in any other context, department means the state of Wisconsin department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection.
5. Division means one of 3 exhibitor group classifications for a fair and is limited to junior division, open division and senior citizens division.
6. Entry class means a class in which the fair allows exhibitors to submit entries.
7. Exotic domestic animals means an animal that is not a common farm animal.
- 7e. Face to face judging means a judging system using a semiprivate discussion between the judge and the exhibitor with the following phases:
 - a. Get acquainted
 - b. Learn the background of the exhibit
 - c. Self-evaluation
 - d. Evaluator comment
 - e. Parting
- 7m. Fair means a county or district fair eligible to receive state aid under s. 93.23 (1)(b) or (c), Stats.
- 7s. Fair board means the governing entity of a fair.
8. Lot or lot number means the numerical designation assigned by a fair for a specific category of exhibits within a class.
9. Market class means a class that includes animals of a certain weight for the species that can be sold for slaughter.
10. Premium means a monetary prize that a fair awards to an exhibitor after judging all competing exhibits in the class to which the premium pertains.
11. Regular judging system means a judging system that allows for one first, second, third and fourth class selection as provided in s. ATCP 160.91 (4)(c).
12. Self-determined project means a project that meets all of the following:
 - a. It is approved by the fair board.
 - b. Its subject matter is related to any of the junior fair departments 9, 10, 13, 16, 18 or 20 to 29.
 - c. It does not fall into a defined entry class within any department.
 - d. It is carried out by a member of a youth organization.
13. Youth organization means an organization under adult leadership that has educational programming.

ATCP 160.02 Premium Requirements

1. General

- a. The state aid authorized by s. 93.23 (1), Stats., may be paid on net premiums paid by a fair. The department may withhold state premium aid from any fair that does not enforce animal health provisions under ch. ATCP 10 that are applicable to animals exhibited at the fair. State aid will be paid only on premiums actually paid by bank check or draft.
- b. No deductions may be made from premium money won by an exhibitor. Premiums may, however, be withheld where exhibition rules established by the fair association are violated. A written statement of violation shall be submitted to the department to justify actions taken by a fair.
- c. Premiums offered shall be definite in amount. No decrease or increase in published premiums may be made because of the financial condition or the organization or for any other reason.
- e. No fair may receive state aid for a premium awarded to any exhibitor in the open division if that exhibitor entered the same exhibit in the junior division at the same fair. This paragraph does not apply if the exhibit was entered in the junior division only as part of a herd group, carcass class or performance class.
- f. No state aid will be paid on the cost of ribbons, cups, trophy prizes or entertainment contests.

2. Premium Lists

a. Premiums for which state aid is requested by county and district fairs shall conform with the uniform premium list and other requirements set forth in these rules. Fairs requesting state aid for net premiums shall submit to the department a printed copy of the premium list used at the fair, as required under s. ATCP 160.92 (3)(c).

b. The officers of each fair shall mail a copy of the premium list to other associations, societies, or boards conducting a fair in Wisconsin upon request.

c. Section ATCP 160.01 through 160.07 and 160.91 shall be published in premium books used by a fair for which state aid is requested.

3. Entry Fees

a. A fair may charge an exhibitor an entry fee or charge stall rents for animals, or both.

b. Exhibitors in department 35 shall not be required to purchase an exhibitor's ticket. Any other exhibitor may be required, if no entry fee is charged, to purchase an exhibitor's season ticket at a price not to exceed that charged for a non-exhibitor's season ticket.

4. Split Fair Dates

a. For purposes of this subsection, "split fair dates" occur when a fair organization judges exhibits or contests and pays premiums at more than one time or at more than one location during the calendar year.

b. Except as provided under par. (c), the department may not pay state aid for a fair having split dates unless the department gives advance written approval for a split fair. The department may approve split dates based on hardship.

c. The department may pay state aid for the following exhibits or contests in a fair having split dates with advanced notification to the department:

1. Clothing Revue
2. Demonstrations
3. Favorite foods revue
4. Dogs
- 4m. Cats
5. Small animals
6. Rocketry
7. Shooting sports
- 7m. Mechanical projects
8. Other exhibits and contests that are similar to those identified in subds. 1. To 7.

d. If there are split dates under par. (b) or (c), all blue ribbon winners shall repeat their demonstrations or exhibits at the regular fair dates unless the department grants a hardship exemption. An exhibitor may use audio-visual media, still photography or an educational display to repeat a demonstration or exhibit.

ATCP 160.03 Exhibition Requirements

A fair shall meet all of the exhibition requirements of this section to be eligible for state premium aid.

1. No fair society or other organization sponsoring a fair may require an exhibitor to become a member of the organization in order to enter an exhibit at the fair, nor may the sponsoring organization make any deduction from an exhibitor's premium as a donation to the fair society, or require an exhibitor in any other way to make a donation to the society.

2. State aid may not be approved for out-of-state exhibits or for separate classes of local and non-local exhibitors. Aid may not be approved for payment of premiums to an exhibitor having an out-of-state address but claiming Wisconsin residency unless the fair secretary provides the department with an affidavit that the exhibitor's residence is geographically located within the state.

3. State aid may be paid only on articles or animals actually on display in an exhibit building or actually shown in the show ring on regular fair dates unless approval for split fair dates is obtained under s. ATCP 160.02 (4). State aid may not be paid on Dairy Herd Improvement Association records, transportation aid, production contests or other special education exhibits unless prior approval is obtained under s. ATCP 160.49 (7).

4. State aid may not be paid on exhibits removed from the fairgrounds before 4 p.m. on the last day of the fair, or such other later time as may be specified by the fair, without prior approval of the department. Authority for earlier removal may be granted by the department in case of meat animal sales or other special classes, if requested before the beginning of the fair. In other hardship cases, approval may be granted by the fair. Exhibits in dog obedience and small animal pet classes may be judged during the entire fair. The fair may prescribe the length of time junior fair exhibitors of horses shall keep their animal on the ground.

ATCP 160.05 Open division; general requirements

1. The total maximum premiums set forth for all places in any open division livestock class, excluding poultry and rabbits, may be divided into multiple premiums for a greater number of places, but the maximum premium offered for any additional place shall not be higher than the maximum for the last place in the class.

2. All animals in any open division class shall be owned by the exhibitor, except as provided in s. ATCP 160.09.

3. State aid may be paid on no more than 2 premiums awarded an exhibitor under one premium or lot number in open division individual livestock classes, except poultry and rabbits, and no more than one premium in all other classes, including poultry and rabbits.
5. The fair board may establish specific classes by professional and amateur level groupings within classes for open class departments 14 to 28.

ATCP 160.07 Classes; general requirements

1. Classes may be combined if the number of entries in several single classes is insufficient. If any classes are combined, state aid shall be limited to the maximum total premiums listed for a single class of animals, items or articles in that department.
2.
 - a. Except as provided under par. (b), no fair may receive state aid for premiums awarded for sexually intact male dairy cattle, beef cattle, sheep, goats, swine or horses unless those animals are registered. Registered status shall be documented by a certificate of registry from the appropriate breed association or society, or by a copy of the application for registration.
 - b. Paragraph (a) does not apply to dairy cattle exhibited at a fair if a national breed association certifies that those dairy cattle are recorded in that breed association's qualified herd book which records the genealogy of that breed.
3. Any animals entered as part of a group class may also be exhibited in a class for individual animals.
4. Boars may not be entered as an exhibit in the swine department unless their tusks have been removed.
5. The age of an animal, for purposes of determining its entry class under this chapter, shall be determined as of the opening day of the fair.

ATCP 160.39 Senior citizens division; general requirements

1. The age of exhibitors in the senior citizens division is limited to persons 62 years of age or over.
2. Exhibitors in the senior citizens division may not enter identical items or articles in both the senior citizens division and the corresponding classes of the regular open division.
3. State aid may not be used to award more than one premium to an exhibitor in a premium or lot number in the senior citizens division.

ATCP 160.49 Junior fair division, general

1. In the junior fair division, the department may pay state aid on prizes offered to exhibitors who are ages 8 to 20 years of age on January 1 of the current fair year and exhibitors who are 5 to 9 years of age on January 1 of the current fair year who are exhibiting under s. ATCP 160.65. A fair board may establish specific entry classes within each department. A fair board may establish subgroups within a junior fair entry class based on the exhibitor's age or grade in school. The department may not pay state aid on prizes for club parades, club floats, song contests, or a project which is not an exhibit or demonstration at the fair.
2. All exhibitors in the junior fair division shall be members of a youth organization approved by the fair board.
3. Exhibits in the junior fair shall be the product of the exhibitor's own labor. An exhibit may include a study project, merit project or other special project, a skill area, or a supervised occupational experience in which the exhibitor is regularly enrolled, provided that the fair board approves the project, skill area, or supervised occupational experience as an exhibit.
4. State aid may not be used to award more than one premium to an exhibitor in a premium or lot number in the junior fair division, except for any of the following:
 - a. A premium may be awarded to each member of a group that collectively owns and enters a livestock exhibit in departments one to 5 of subch. IV.
 - b. An exhibitor may receive a separate premium for showmanship where authorized under subch. IV.
 - c. An exhibitor may receive more than one premium in a department for which additional premiums are specifically authorized under subch. IV.
6. Special educational exhibits may be established if the proposal is presented to the department before October 1 of the year preceding its proposed establishment and the exhibit is approved by the department.
7. Within any junior fair department, a fair may establish special classes where none are specified under this subchapter. Special classes may include classes for grade and crossbred females in the beef, swine, sheep and horse departments. Premiums for special classes created under this subsection shall be equal to premiums for comparable classes established in the same department under this subchapter.
8. The fair board may establish specific classes are age or grade level groupings within classes for each of the junior fair departments 14 to 16, 18, 20 to 29, 31, 33, and 34.
9. Judging in the junior fair division may be done using the regular, face to face, conference or Danish judging system.

ATCP 160.91 Judging regulations

1. Judging shall be done at fairs by individuals who are registered with the department. In no case shall any person who is an officer or director of a fair be eligible to judge exhibits at such fair; nor shall any person interested directly or indirectly in exhibits shown in any department of a fair be eligible to judge articles or animals in that department.

- 1m. a. An individual shall register by submitting to the department an application. The department shall register all individuals who qualify to be judges, including having the knowledge, training, or experience in the specific classes to be judged and adhering to ethical judging practices. The registration is valid for five years.
- b. An individual submitting an application after July 1 may not judge for the current fair year.
- c. A fair representative may request the department waive par. (b) in cases of unanticipated emergency situations.
2. Each judge at a fair shall be provided with a copy of the fair's premium book or list of entry classes at least 7 days prior to the opening date of the fair.
3. No animal or article, irrespective of the number of entries in the class in which it is entered, shall be awarded a higher rating than its merit would entitle it to in comparison to the standard of perfection in the class.
4. a. Danish system judging may be used in the junior fair division. State aid may not be paid on premiums awarded under the Danish system in any other division.
- b. When classes in the junior fair division are judged according to the Danish system, 4 group placings shall be awarded in any class. When there are less than 8 exhibitors in the class, there shall not be more than 2 in the first group, not more than 4 in the first 2 groups and not more than 6 in the first 3 groups. If there are 8 or more entries in the class, there shall not be more than 25% in the first group, not more than 50% in the first 2 groups, and not more than 75% in the first 3 groups.
- c. The number of awards in the last group placing may be increased to the extent necessary to give awards to all exhibitors.
- 4g. When classes in the junior fair division are judged using the conference judging system, the judge shall use sub. (4)(b) and (c) to award placements in a class.
5. If any class of exhibits at a fair is judged according to the regular system, the judges for that class may give only one first-place, one second-place, one third-place and one fourth-place award in that class.

2026 ANIMAL HEALTH REGULATIONS FOR FAIRS AND SHOWS IN WISCONSIN

General requirements for event organizers	<p>All fairs or exhibitions of any length must obtain, review, and keep for five years all required records and test results:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exhibitor's name and address • Animal identification (number, type, description, and, when required, official identification (see requirements for different animals below)) • Documents showing compliance with disease testing, and other health requirements • Livestock premises number, if any, where animals originated • Documentation showing legal importation to the event (if applicable) and, when required, movement to the event (see requirements for different animals below) • For swine, a record of any swine transported directly to a slaughtering establishment • For swine, a record of any swine transported to an animal market where all animals sold at the market sale for that day were shipped directly to a slaughtering establishment <p>Fairs or exhibitions lasting more than 24 hours must appoint a licensed veterinarian to inspect all animals daily.</p> <p>Note: Except in specific circumstances, if an animal already bears an official 840 eartag, that eartag must not be removed and additional official eartags must not be applied. Instead, the existing eartag must be read and recorded when a record of that animal is required. (Ref. s. ATPC 10.045, Wis. Admin. Code)</p> <p>These regulations apply to all fairs and exhibitions, including additional events (like rodeos, shows, or other organized events) that occur in conjunction with the fair.</p>
Diseases	<p>Lactating Dairy Cattle: Effective April 29, 2024 and June 19, 2024 respectively, all lactating dairy cattle moved interstate and lactating dairy cattle moved to fairs, shows and exhibitions in Wisconsin are required to have a negative influenza A test from a milk sample collected within seven (7) days of movement. For more information see: DATCP Home Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (H5N1) in Dairy Cattle (wi.gov)</p> <p>**New for 2026: Wisconsin had a state order in place requiring individual cow HPAI testing prior to attending fairs and exhibitions in Wisconsin. This order has been rescinded because Wisconsin currently meets the criteria for Unaffected State Status through ongoing surveillance and testing</p>

	<p>activities. Lactating dairy cows attending Wisconsin fairs and exhibitions are no longer required to have an individual HPAI test unless they are coming from a state without Unaffected State Status under National Milk Testing Strategy. This is subject to change at any time.</p> <p>Animals that show evidence of having contagious or infectious diseases may not be commingled (or housed/kept) with other animals at a fair, show, or other exhibition in such a way as to allow disease to spread. Such animals should not attend the fair, show, or exhibition. Animals may be denied entry if they arrive at these events with contagious or infectious diseases, isolated and/or removed if they develop disease after arriving, or be subject to other action as would be necessary to control disease. (Ref.s.ATCP 10.08(1), Wis. Admin. Code)</p> <p>Bovine animals with ringworm, mange, warts or scab will be removed from the fair or exhibition premises, unless the veterinarian in charge finds warts or ringworm lesions are incapable of transmitting disease.</p>
<p>Cattle and Bison</p>	<p>Cattle and bison FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN Effective June 19, 2024, all lactating dairy cattle are required to have a negative Influenza A test on milk samples collected within 7 days prior to movement to a fair or exhibition. Official ID is required for influenza testing.</p> <p>**New for 2026: Wisconsin had a state order in place requiring individual cow HPAI testing prior to attending fairs and exhibitions in Wisconsin. This order has been rescinded because Wisconsin currently meets the criteria for Unaffected State Status through ongoing surveillance and testing activities. Lactating dairy cows attending Wisconsin fairs and exhibitions are no longer required to have an individual HPAI test unless they are coming from a state without Unaffected State Status under National Milk Testing Strategy. This is subject to change at any time.</p> <p>Cattle and bison FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.22, Wis. Admin. Code) must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be accompanied by certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) documenting official animal identification (ID) and all required tests and certifications • Have official individual ID (including steers) • Meet all of Wisconsin’s normal requirements for import (see below and https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/CattleBison.aspx) <p>Acceptable official IDs for cattle and bison</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 15-digit “840” RFID tags • Valid only if applied before November 5, 2024: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Visual Only 15 digit “840” tags ○ USDA metal ear tag number that starts with the state 2-digit code and is followed by 3 letters and 4 numbers (e.g. 35ABC1234). This includes the orange brucellosis vaccination tag. • Valid only if applied before March 11, 2015: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Manufacturer-coded RFID tag – 15-digit number with the first three digits in 900s ○ American ID tag – 8 to 12-digit number prefaced with “USA” <p>Influenza A requirements for lactating dairy cattle from outside Wisconsin Effective April 29, 2024, all lactating dairy cattle are required to have a negative Influenza A test on milk samples collected within 7 days prior to interstate movement.</p> <p>**New for 2026: Wisconsin had a state order in place requiring individual cow HPAI testing prior to attending fairs and exhibitions in Wisconsin. This order has been rescinded because Wisconsin currently meets the criteria for Unaffected State Status through ongoing surveillance and testing activities. Lactating dairy cows attending Wisconsin fairs and exhibitions are no longer required to have an individual HPAI test unless they are coming from a state without Unaffected State Status under National Milk Testing Strategy. This is subject to change at any time.</p> <p>Brucellosis requirements for cattle and bison from outside Wisconsin No cattle are currently required to be brucellosis tested or vaccinated for fairs/shows in Wisconsin.</p> <p>Tuberculosis (TB) requirements for cattle and bison from outside Wisconsin</p>

	<p>All cattle from Texas and Michigan’s TB Free Zone (for cattle from Michigan’s Modified Accredited Zone see below), regardless of sex or age are required to have a negative TB test within 60 days prior to import.</p> <p>For details and requirements by state, see: https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/CattleBison.aspx</p> <p>Cattle and bison from Michigan’s Modified Accredited Zone – Alcona, Alpena, Montmorency, and Oscoda counties - (for cattle and bison from Michigan’s TB Free Zone, see requirements by state above) also need:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Import permit • To originate from a herd that has a negative whole-herd TB test within 12 months before arrival in Wisconsin that includes all animals 1 year and older • Negative individual TB tests within 60 days before entering Wisconsin • A statement indicating the animals will return directly to the state of origin after the show. <p>For information on obtaining an import permit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Online http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/AnimalMovementPermits.aspx • Email DATCPAnimalImports@wi.gov • Call 608-224-4874 <p>Cattle and bison from Canada must meet current federal requirements to enter the United States and may have additional requirements to return to Canada. (See aphis.usda.gov, choose “Trade”, Live Animal Import or Export as needed, and then species and country to find requirements. Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/CattleBison.aspx</p>
<p>Swine</p>	<p>Note: These regulations apply to all swine, including pet pigs and racing pigs.</p> <p>Swine FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN (Ref. s. ATCP 10.87, Wis. Admin. Code) need a Wisconsin intrastate certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stating that the entire herd of origin on the farm was inspected within 30 days before the show and no apparent disease was present at the time of inspection. <p>New for 2026: No testing requirements for Terminal and Non-terminal Exhibitions Effective 3/5/2026: PRRS and PEDv testing is no longer required for swine to attend terminal or non-terminal fairs, shows, or other events.</p> <p>Swine FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.30 and 10.87, Wis. Admin. Code) need a certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) that includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A statement that the veterinarian has inspected the entire herd of origin within the past 30 days and that no apparent disease was present at the time of inspection • Official individual identification (ID) • New for 2026: No testing required for Terminal and Non-terminal Exhibitions Effective 3/5/2026: PRRS and PEDv testing is no longer required for swine to attend terminal or non-terminal fairs, shows, or other events. <p>Acceptable methods of ID for swine are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • USDA silver ear tag • USDA 840 ear tag, either visual or RFID • Breed association tattoo if the pig is a purebred and the tattoo is registered • An ear tag with the premises identification number and a unique identifier • Ear notch if the pig is a purebred and the notch is registered <p>Note: Microchips are not accepted as official ID for any swine including pet pigs.</p> <p>Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information check http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/SwineMovement.aspx</p>
<p>Sheep and Goats</p>	<p>Note: These rules do not apply to non-domestic sheep and goats. See Exotic Ruminants below.</p> <p>Sheep and goats FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN need:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If sexually intact, need official individual identification (ID) at any age.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If not sexually intact, need official individual ID if they are <i>12 months or older</i>. • See below for Official ID options. • Sheep and goats that go to a slaughter establishment after the fair should have an owner hauler statement to move from the fair to the slaughter establishment. <p>Sheep and goats FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.69, 10.76, Wis. Admin. Code) need:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) and official individual ID for all animals • See below for Official ID options. • See below for additional requirement for goats from Michigan’s Tuberculosis Modified Accredited Zone. • Sheep and goats that go to a slaughter establishment after the fair should have an owner hauler statement to move from the fair to the slaughter establishment. <p>Official Identification includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scrapie eartags (including tags on durable and unremovable neckstraps for animals with absent/injured ears or with official tattoos – see DATCP Website*) • USDA 840 ear tags • Legible breed tattoos (see DATCP Website* and NOTE below) • Legible scrapie tattoos (see DATCP Website* and NOTE below) • Approved microchips (Electronic Implantable Identification/EID) – There are many requirements that need to be met to use microchips including a requirement for accompanying tattoos. See DATCP Website* and NOTE below. • NOTE: All sheep and goats that go through a market or to slaughter and require Official Identification must be eartagged with Official ID. Official ID in the form of a tattoo or Electronic Implantable Identification (EID) is no longer sufficient when moving through a market or going to slaughter. • NOTE: If a Wisconsin origin animal is neutered, less than 12 months of age, and moving through a market after the fair, the market may require Official ID in the form of an ear tag. • *For more information on official identification and for owner hauler statements see DATCP Website at https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/OfficialID.aspx <p>Goats from Michigan’s Tuberculosis (TB) Modified Accredited Zone – Alcona, Alpena, Montmorency, Oscoda counties - also need:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Import permit • To originate from a herd that has a negative whole-herd TB test within 12 months before arrival in Wisconsin that includes all animals 1 year and older • Negative individual TB tests within 60 days before entering Wisconsin • A statement indicating the animals will return directly to the state of origin after the show. <p>For information on obtaining an import permit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Online https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/AnimalMovement/Permits.aspx • Email DATCPAnimalImports@wi.gov • Call 608-224-4874 • Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/SheepGoatMovement.aspx
Equine	<p>Equine animals FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN need documentation of a negative EIA (Coggins) test with a blood collection date within the previous 12 months, which clearly identifies the animal by complete description, digital photographs, or an approved microchip (if a reader is available). No test is needed for nursing foals accompanying negative dams. Documentation may be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Official test report VS 10-11, or • USDA-approved electronic test form, <i>or</i> • Global Vet Link EIA electronic form, <i>or</i> • Certificate of veterinary inspection with the test results listed <p>Equine animals FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.36, Wis. Admin. Code) need:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) which clearly identifies the animal by complete description, digital photographs, or an approved microchip • Negative EIA (Coggins) test with a blood collection date within the previous 12 months reported on the CVI • No EIA test is needed for nursing foals accompanying negative dams

	<p>Equines from Minnesota are exempt from the CVI requirement if all conditions apply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ownership does not change while the animal is in Wisconsin • The animal remains in Wisconsin no longer than 7 days • Proof of a negative EIA (Coggins) test in previous 12 months accompanies the animal <p>Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/HorseOtherEquineMvmt.aspx</p>
<p>Poultry and waterfowl (Pigeons are not considered poultry for fairs and shows)</p>	<p>Poultry and waterfowl FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN need ONE of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For eggs and birds of all ages, an NPIP certificate stating the flock of origin is a U.S. pullorum-typhoid clean and for turkeys a <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i> clean flock or NPIP affiliate flock or • For eggs and birds of all ages, documentation the flock of origin is a Wisconsin Tested Flock and has tested negative for pullorum-typhoid and for turkeys <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i>, or • For eggs and birds of all ages, documentation the flock of origin is a Wisconsin Associate Flock, <u>or</u> • For sexually mature birds (turkeys over 6 months, all other birds over 4 months) individual tests within 90 days before arrival at the show. These birds also need wing or leg band identification (ID). All birds must test negative for pullorum-typhoid, and turkeys must test negative for <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i>. After testing there can be no change of ownership or commingling with other birds that are not part of the flock except at other shows/fairs. Eggs and sexually immature birds are not eligible for individual testing and cannot be shown unless they originate from an enrolled NPIP, NPIP affiliate, Wisconsin Tested, or Wisconsin Associate flock. <p>Note: Flock of origin means the flock in which the birds currently reside, likely the exhibitor's flock. Once purchased birds are added to the buyer's flock, even if the buyer's flock only consists of one or just a few birds, the buyer's flock is the flock of origin and that flock must meet NPIP or WI Tested or Associate Flock status to avoid individual bird testing for shows/fairs. ALL birds in a flock with status must meet the requirements. Existing flocks lose their status when new additions do not meet requirements.</p> <p>Poultry and waterfowl FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.42, Wis. Admin. Code) need a certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) or equivalent (such as form VS 9-3) specifically showing movement to the fair or show that states:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For eggs and birds of all ages, they originate from a flock classified pullorum-typhoid clean and for turkeys <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i> clean under NPIP or an equivalent program, or • For sexually mature birds, that they have tested negative for pullorum-typhoid (and <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i> for turkeys) within 90 days before arrival at the show. These birds also need wing or leg band ID. Eggs and sexually immature birds are not eligible for individual testing and cannot be shown unless they originate from an enrolled NPIP or equivalent program flock. <p>Not required: Import permit number</p> <p>Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/PoultryMovements.aspx</p>
<p>Exotic ruminants</p>	<p>Note: Exotic ruminants are ruminants that are not native to Wisconsin, and are not cervids – for example, Old World camels, yaks, water buffalo, pronghorn antelope, giraffes, and non-domestic sheep and goats. In addition, please contact your county and local municipality for any restrictions.</p> <p>Exotic ruminants FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN have no requirements.</p> <p>Exotic ruminants FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.82, Wis. Admin. Code) must have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) • Official individual identification (ID) as required for tuberculosis and brucellosis testing • Import permit • Proof written on the CVI that they meet requirements for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Tuberculosis (TB)</i> – negative test required within 60 days before entry • <i>Brucellosis</i> – negative test required within 30 days before entry <p>Please call 608-224-4874 beforehand to determine which TB test to use.</p> <p>For information on obtaining an import permit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Online http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/Animals/MovementPermits.aspx • Email DATCPAnimalImports@wi.gov

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call 608-224-4874 <p>Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/ExoticSpeciesMvmt.aspx</p>
<p>South American Camelids: Llamas, alpacas, Guanacos, vicunas</p>	<p>South American camelids FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN have no requirements.</p> <p>South American camelids FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.85, Wis. Admin. Code) must have a certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) and official individual identification (ID). Official ID may be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Approved USDA ear tag number • Microchip number • Breed association registration number • Breed association tattoo <p>Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/LlamaAlpacaMovement.aspx.</p>
<p>Small animals: Dogs, domestic cats, & other household pets (ferrets, pet birds, rabbits, gerbils, guinea, pigs, hamsters, hedgehogs, chinchillas, domestic mice and rats)</p>	<p>Note: For animals that are part of menageries, see also rules below for menageries. Pot-bellied and miniature pigs fall under rules for swine. Dog hybrids, domestic cat hybrids, or exotic small cat species such as servals fall under rules for Exotic small animals. Native wild animals and birds, including raptors, and captive wild animals such as raccoons, opossums, and skunks fall under rules for wild animals.</p> <p>DOGS FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN (Ref. s.95.21, Wis. Stats.) that are 5 months or older need proof of current rabies vaccination.</p> <p>CATS AND OTHER HOUSEHOLD PETS FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN have no requirements.</p> <p>DOGS AND CATS FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.80, Wis. Admin. Code) that are 5 months or older need to be vaccinated against rabies by a licensed veterinarian, and regardless of age, need certificates of veterinary inspection (CVIs or health certificates) stating the age of the animal and for animals 5 months and older the date of last rabies vaccination and revaccination due date</p> <p>OTHER HOUSEHOLD PETS FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.06, Wis. Admin. Code) need certificates of veterinary inspection (CVIs or health certificates), but have no testing or vaccination requirements.</p> <p>Small animals from other nations need to meet requirements of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (608-662-0600) and Centers for Disease Control (1-800-232-4636).</p> <p>Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/PetMovement.aspx.</p>
<p>Exotic small animals (any species not covered by "small animals" above), exotic large animals, and other wild animals</p>	<p>Note: <i>Local jurisdictions may have requirements beyond the state requirements listed here.</i></p> <p>Animals FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN do not have any requirements as long as they are legally possessed in Wisconsin</p> <p>Animals FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN (Ref. s.ATCP 10.84, Wis. Admin. Code) generally have no testing or vaccination requirements, but do need:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI or health certificate) • Import permit number <p>Note: Some animals may not be brought to Wisconsin. These are North American prairie dogs and the following African species: tree squirrels, rope squirrels, dormice, Gambian giant pouched rats, brush-tailed porcupines and striped mice. Some animals may require permits from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources. See http://dnr.wi.gov</p> <p>For information on obtaining an import permit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Online http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/AnimalMovement/Permits.aspx • Email DATCPAnimalImports@wi.gov • Call 608-224-4874 <p>Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/PetMovement.aspx</p>
<p>Circus, rodeo, racing and menagerie animals</p>	<p>Note: <i>Local jurisdictions may have requirements beyond the state requirements listed here</i></p> <p>Animals FROM WITHIN WISCONSIN must meet vaccination and testing requirements for their species. See these requirements earlier in this document</p>

	<p>Animals FROM OUTSIDE WISCONSIN need certificates of veterinary inspection (CVIs or health certificates) and vaccinations, identification, and tests required for their species. See these requirements earlier in this document.</p> <p>They also need import permit numbers (Ref. s.ATCP 10.81, Wis. Admin. Code) if they are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Circuses and individual circus acts • Rodeo stock other than individual participants' horses • Multi-species menageries (defined as any animals kept in a collection primarily for purposes of exhibition or competition) • Petting zoos <p>They do not need import permit numbers if they are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rodeo horses owned by individual participants • Single-species groups <p>Note: Some animals may not be brought to Wisconsin. These are North American prairie dogs and the following African species: tree squirrels, rope squirrels, dormice, Gambian giant pouched rats, brush-tailed porcupines and striped mice. Some animals may require permits from the Department of Natural Resources. See http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/wildlife/conservation/captive.html</p> <p>For information on obtaining an import permit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Online http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/AnimalMovementPermits.aspx • Email DATCPAnimalImports@wi.gov • Call 608-224-4874 <p>Requirements are subject to change as conditions warrant. For current information, check http://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/CircusesRodeosMenageries.aspx</p>
<p>Guidelines for housing and managing animals</p>	<p>The State Veterinarian recommends that exhibitors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vaccinate breeding cattle against bovine viral diarrhea (BVD) at least 30 days before the event • Test cattle for BVD-PI by immunoperoxidase test, and bring to shows only if negative test • Test cattle for Johne's disease by ELISA test, and bring to shows only if negative test • Clean and disinfect vehicles used to transport animals to and from the show, and vehicles used on the grounds before, during, and after the show • Isolate exhibited animals returning to their farms or animals purchased at the show for 21 days before mingling them with other stock. • Additional biosecurity recommendations can be found at: www.youtube.com/widatcp Go to "Created Playlists" and "View Full Playlist" under "Farm Biosecurity Practices" <p>The State Veterinarian recommends that show organizers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • House cattle separately from South American camelids, exotic ruminants, and poultry • House cattle separately from small ruminants, especially sheep • House ostriches, emus, rheas and cassowaries separately from domestic poultry • House chickens and turkeys separately from waterfowl • House swine separately from any other mammals • Include a space for the premises registration code on livestock entry forms • Provide hand-washing stations near all livestock facilities • Provide individual watering and feeding troughs rather than common ones